



# Globe at Night: A Campaign for Preserving our Starry Skies



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National Optical Astronomy Observatory  
& ASP BOD

Photo credit for background slide images in this presentation: **Babak Tafreshi** (TWAN)

# World Outdoor Lighting Facts

<http://darksky.org/assets/2013/WorldwideEnergyWaste.jpg>

- **8% of Total Energy Used for Outdoor Lighting**
- **80% is used for Commercial & Public Exterior Lighting**
- **~750 million Outdoor Lighting Fixtures\* Worldwide**
  - **Commercial & Public Exterior (\*Road, Street, Parking + Buildings)**
- **~300 million Outdoor Lighting Fixtures\* in Europe**
- **~160 million Outdoor Lighting Fixtures\* in US**
- **Total Wasted Energy is approx. 60-70% overall from:**
  - **Unwarranted (Not needed) = 25%**
  - **Over-lighting (Excessive Illumination) = 25%**
  - **Not Dimmed or on Curfew = 25%**
  - **Glare = 15%**
  - **Uplight = 10%**
  - **Approximately Wasted Energy = 1.1 PetaWatt Hours Annually**
  - **The equivalent output of 500 Power Plants**
  - **Could power ~ 7,750,000 homes**
  - **Producing 750 million tons of CO<sub>2</sub>**
  - **Cost = Approximately \$110 billion (US Dollars)**

# Light Pollution affects...

## Energy, Safety & Cost



## Astronomical Research



## Human Health



## Wildlife





# Introduction to Globe at Night

[globeatnight.org](http://globeatnight.org)



The Globe at Night program is an international citizen-science campaign to raise public awareness of the impact of light pollution by inviting citizen-scientists to measure their night sky brightness and submit their observations to a website from a computer or smart phone. It's easy to get involved - just follow these 5 Simple Steps!

# Five Easy Star Hunting Steps

[globeatnight.org/5-steps.php](http://globeatnight.org/5-steps.php)

## Five Easy Star Hunting Steps:

1. Use the Globe at Night website to help [find your constellation](#) in the night sky.
2. Use the Globe at Night website to find the [latitude and longitude](#) of the location where you are making your observation.
3. Go outside more than an hour after [sunset](#) (8-10 pm local time). The Moon should not be up. Let your eyes become used to the dark for 10 minutes before your first observation.
4. Match your observation to one of 7 [magnitude charts](#) and note the amount of cloud cover.
5. [Report](#) the date, time, location (latitude/longitude), the chart you chose, and the amount of cloud cover at the time of observation. Make more observations from other locations, if possible. [Compare your observation](#) to thousands around the world!



# Dates, Constellations & Mythologies

[globeatnight.org/5-steps.php](http://globeatnight.org/5-steps.php)

## Northern Constellations



### Orion

January 20-29, February 19-28, March 21-30, 2014



### Leo

April 20-29, May 19-28, 2014



### Hercules

June 17-26, July 16-25, August 15-24, 2014



### Cygnus

September 15-24, 2014



### Pegasus

October 14-23, 2014



### Perseus

November 12-21, December 11-20, 2014

## Southern Constellations



### Orion

January 20-29, February 19-28, March 21-30, 2014



### Crux

March 25-30, April 20-29, May 19-28, 2014



### Scorpius

June 17-26, July 16-25, 2014



### Sagittarius

August 15-24, September 15-24, October 14-23, 2014



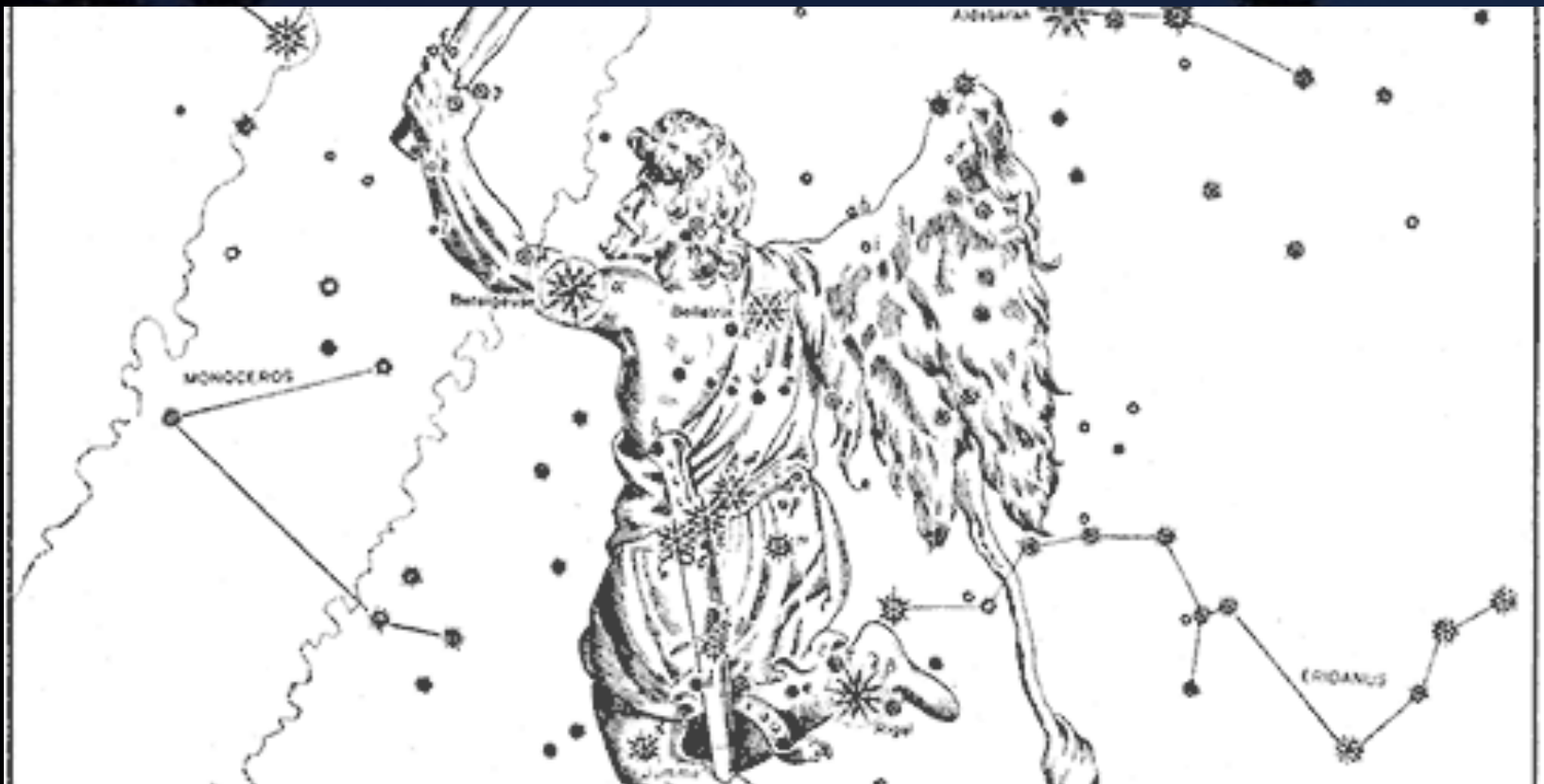
### Cetus

November 12-21, December 11-20, 2014



# Can you find Orion?

[globeatnight.org/finding](http://globeatnight.org/finding)



Practice [finding all the Globe at Night Constellations](http://globeatnight.org/finding)  
or [review the Magnitude Charts](http://globeatnight.org/magnitude).

# Can you find Orion?

*[globeatnight.org/finding](http://globeatnight.org/finding)*

Orion looks very much like a person. First, you should spot Orion's Belt, which is made of three bright stars in a straight line. One of Orion's legs is represented by the bright star Rigel, one of the brightest stars in the night sky. His two shoulders are made of the stars Bellatrix and Betelgeuse. You can see Betelgeuse's reddish color without a telescope.

Constellation:  Latitude:  Read about the [Mythology of Orion](#), or review the [Magnitude Charts for Orion](#).





Constellation:  Latitude:



Magnitude 0/Cloudy Sky



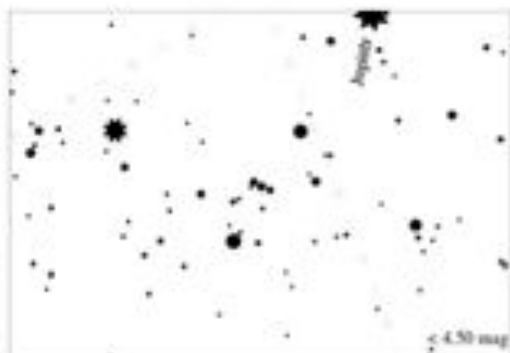
Magnitude 1 Chart



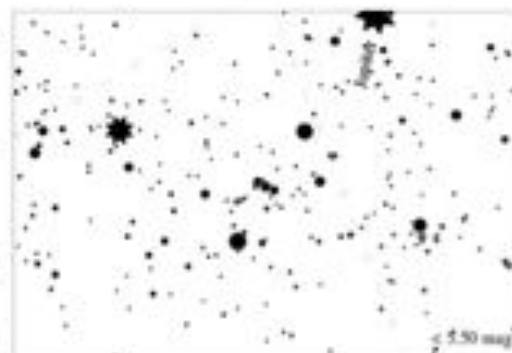
Magnitude 2 Chart



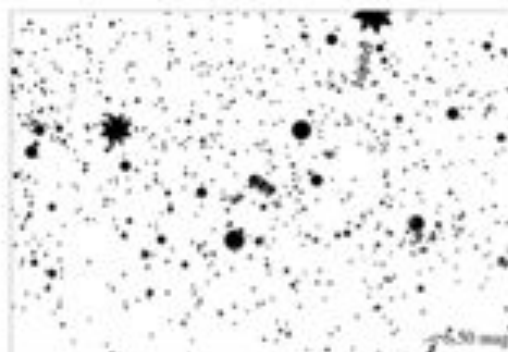
Magnitude 3 Chart



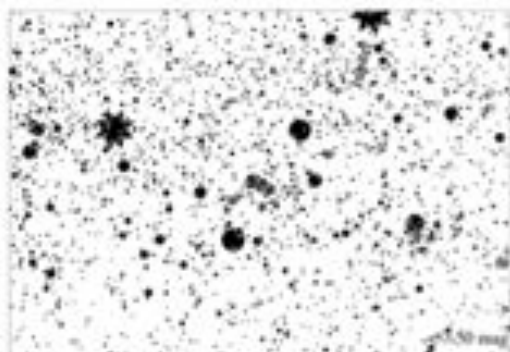
Magnitude 4 Chart



Magnitude 5 Chart



Magnitude 6 Chart



Magnitude 7 Chart

# Magnitude Charts

[globeatnight.org/magcharts](http://globeatnight.org/magcharts)

# Data Reporting Webapp

[globeatnight.org/webapp/](http://globeatnight.org/webapp/)



## Globe at Night webapp

Our first campaign begins on January 20, 2014. Whether you use a smartphone, tablet or computer, get ready to [submit your data](#) in real time with our webapp! Now [available in more than 20 languages](#).

# Data Reporting Webapp

*[globeatnight.org/downloads](http://globeatnight.org/downloads)*

## Translations

- [Catalan](#)
- [Chinese](#)
- [Czech](#)
- [English](#)
- [Finnish](#)
- [French](#)
- [Galician](#)
- [German](#)
- [Greek](#)
- [Icelandic](#)
- [Indonesian](#)
- [Italian](#)
- [Japanese](#)
- [Persian](#)
- [Polish](#)
- [Portuguese](#)
- [Romanian](#)
- [Slovenian](#)
- [Slovak](#)
- [Spanish](#)
- [Swedish](#)
- [SwissFrench](#)
- [SwissGerman](#)
- [Thai](#)
- [Turkish](#)



# Data Reporting Webapp

[globeatnight.org/webapp/](http://globeatnight.org/webapp/)

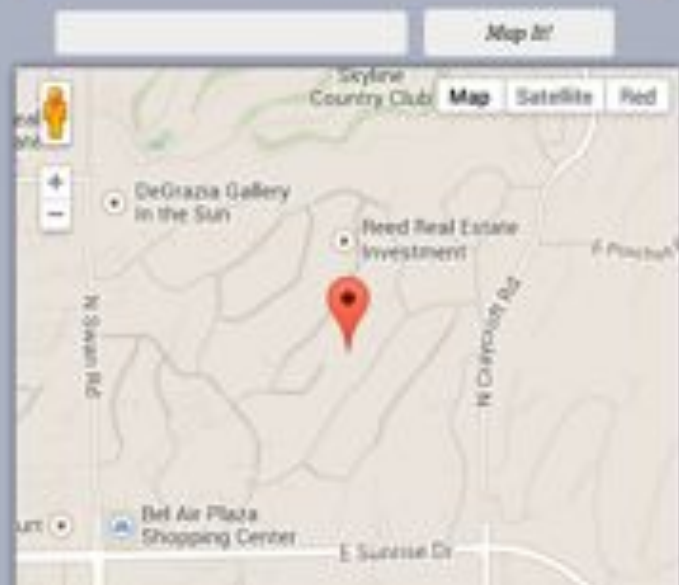
1 When did you make your observations?

Observation Date   
(yyyy/mm/dd)

Observation Time   
(24 hour time)

Switch to [Daytime version](#).

2 Where did you make your observations?



3 How dark was the sky that night?



Constellation: Orion

# Data Reporting Webapp

[globeatnight.org/webapp/](http://globeatnight.org/webapp/)

Location correct: ☐

Reset GPS

Latitude: 32.3161699

Longitude: -110.8812277

Elevation: 876.54 meters

Country:

## Location comments

(E.g., Rural, suburban, or urban location; Snow cover? Number of streetlights, porchlights or other light sources (vending machines, etc.) in vicinity; Trees or structures in vicinity)



Clear



1/4 of the sky



1/2 of the sky



More than 1/2 of the sky

## Sky condition comments

(E.g., Haze - direction? Clouds - type, direction? Sky glow/light dome - direction?)

5

Did you use a Sky Quality Meter (SQM)?

SQM reading

Serial Number

6

Ready to send us your data?

# Maps & Data

[globeatnight.org/maps.php](http://globeatnight.org/maps.php)

Globe at Night has been collecting data about the night sky since 2006. All of that data is available to download in a variety of formats, and also can be explored in our interactive map. Links to previous years' data is available below. We are just getting started with this year's campaign, but you can [explore the data from 2014](#) as it comes in.

## Previous Globe at Night Campaigns

**2013 Results:** 16,342 total observations

Download the 2013 GLOBE at Night data:

[Full Dataset \(.txt\)](#)

[Full Dataset \(.csv\)](#)

[Full Dataset \(Google Maps, .kmz\)](#)

[SQM Dataset \(Google Maps, .kmz\)](#)

2013 Results

[Overall Numbers](#)

**2013 Observations.** To explore the 2013 data in more detail, click the map below to launch the Map Viewer.





# Interactive Data Map

## January 2014 Globe at Night Campaign

[globeatnight.org/map/](http://globeatnight.org/map/)



# Regional Map Generator

## [globeatnight.org/mapapp/](http://globeatnight.org/mapapp/)

This map application allows you to map Globe at Night data points within a distance you specify around a city or an area of your choice. The resulting maps are bookmarkable and shareable.

You can also download a CSV file of those data points that can be opened in Excel, or other spreadsheet. Find the download link in the generated map's Legend.

### Input map center

The application asks first for the center of the map, which can be simply a city name or a common place name, or as specific as a mailing address or a latitude and longitude (in decimal degrees). Note: the map will plot up to 4000 data points.

Type the location of the map center into the text box and click **Map It!**

Latitude: 32.3162119

### Provide a radius

Provide a radius (in km) to define the area around the center of the map within which you want to show data points.

 Radius

### Data Year

Choose the year in which the data set was taken from the pull down menu. There is a data set for every year since 2006.

 Year

### Generate the map

The map is now ready to be made. Click "Generate Map".

# Phone Apps

*globeatnight.org* (bottom right)



Loss  
of the  
Night

Dark  
Sky  
Meter



## Related phone apps

Globe at Night is pleased that two native smartphone apps have become available that integrate well with our campaigns. If you have an Android phone, check out the [Loss of the Night app](#). And if you have an iPhone, take a look at the [Dark Sky Meter app](#).



# New Phone Apps for Determining Night Sky Brightness

## The Loss of the Night app

- Asks sequentially if you can see 7 stars
- Free app downloadable for Android phones



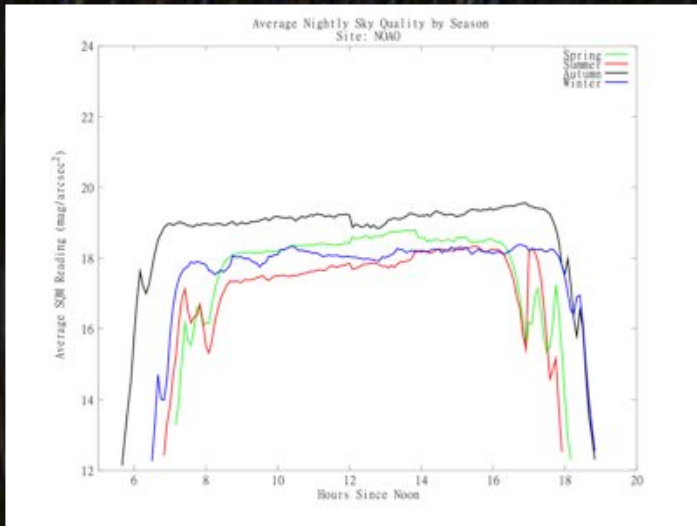
## Dark Sky Meter app

- Free for “Lite” version or only \$1.99 for the “Pro” version
- For iPhones 4 and 4S (and 5)



Data goes into Globe at Night database!

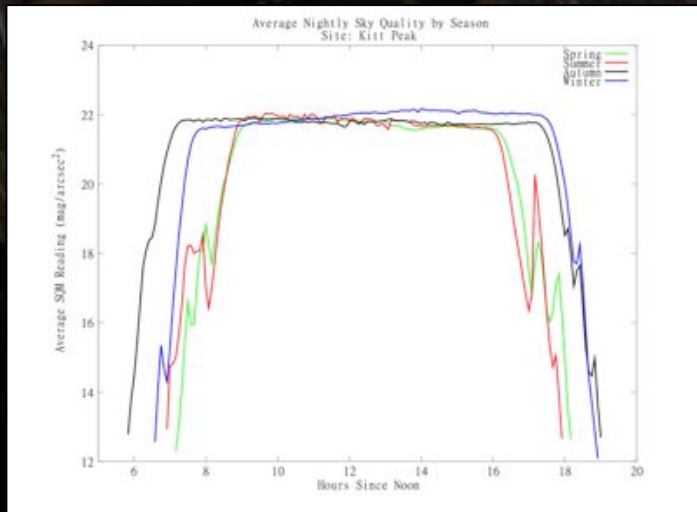
# What is being done with the data?



Seasonal variations in light pollution in city & on mountaintops



Lesser Long Nosed bats avoid Tucson city center





# Resources

[globeatnight.org/downloads](http://globeatnight.org/downloads)



## Resources for 2014

Globe at Night is truly an international campaign, providing Activity Guides, Postcards, and the data reporting webapp in more than 20 languages. These are all available to [download from our Resources page](#).



# Northern Hemisphere Activity Guides

[globeatnight.org/downloads](http://globeatnight.org/downloads)

Globe at Night US Educational Standards

<b>Català</b> Catalan <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Suomalainen</b> Finnish <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Indonesia</b> Indonesian <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Slovenský</b> Slovak <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>SwissGerman</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>
<b>中文</b> Chinese <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Français</b> French <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>日本語</b> Japanese <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Slovenščina</b> Slovenian <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>ภาษาไทย</b> Thai <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>
<b>Český jazyk</b> Czech <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Galego</b> Galician <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Polski</b> Polish <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>		
<b>English</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Deutsch</b> German <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Português</b> Portuguese <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hercules</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Cygnus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pegasus</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Perseus</a></li></ul>	<b>Español</b> Spanish <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Svenska</b> Swedish <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>
<b>زبان فارسی</b> Farsi <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li></ul>	<b>ελληνικά</b> Greek <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>Română</b> Romanian <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li></ul>	<b>SwissFrench</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Orion</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Leo</a></li></ul>	

# Activity Guide for Orion

## Activity Guide: Introduction

[www.globeatnight.org](http://www.globeatnight.org)

2014 Campaign Dates that use Orion: January 20-29, February 19-28 & March 21-30

You are participating in a global campaign to observe and record the faintest stars visible as a means of measuring light pollution in a given location. By locating and observing the constellation Orion in the night sky and comparing it to stellar charts, people from around the world will learn how the lights in their community contribute to light pollution. Your contributions to the online database will document the visible nighttime sky.

### Materials Needed:

- Globe at Night Activity Packet
- Something to write on
- Something to write with
- Red light to preserve night vision
- Optional: smart mobile device, GPS unit, or a topographic map to determine your latitude and longitude

### Remember Safety First!

- We encourage parents to do this activity with younger children. Please use your judgment as to whether your child should be supervised outside after dark at your location.
- Be sure you are wearing suitable clothing for the weather and for being outside at night (light colored and/or reflective clothing).
- When choosing the darkest area in your location, make sure your child is not close to traffic, the edge of a balcony, or near danger in any other way.

### Multiple Observations:

You can enter more than one observation by moving to a new location at least 1 km away from your original location. Don't forget to get new latitude and longitude coordinates. This can be done on the same night or on another night any time during the dates of the campaign.

Charts in this document were prepared  
by Jenik Hollan, CzechGlobe  
(<http://amper.ped.muni.cz/jenik/astro/maps/GaNight/2014>).

### Five Easy Star-Hunting Steps:

([www.globeatnight.org/observe.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/observe.html))

#### 1) Find your latitude and longitude using any of the following:

- a. the interactive tool in the web application at [www.globeatnight.org/webapp/](http://www.globeatnight.org/webapp/). With a smart cell phone or tablet, the latitude and longitude are automatically determined as you report the observation. If you are reporting it later from your computer, input the address of the observation or input your city. Zoom in/out and pan around until you find the observation location. The latitude and longitude will be displayed.
- b. the interactive tool at [eo.ucar.edu/geocode](http://eo.ucar.edu/geocode).
- c. a GPS unit where you take a measurement. Report as many decimal places as the unit provides.
- d. a topographic map of your area.

#### 2) Find your constellation by going outside at least an hour after sunset, approximately between 8-10 pm local time.

**Note for latitudes >45 North or South:** during the summer, twilight may last beyond 10 pm. Once it's dark, take measurements if there's no moon.

- a. Determine the darkest area by moving to where the most stars are visible in the sky toward your constellation. If you have outside lights, be sure they are all off.
- b. Wait outside for at least 10 minutes for your eyes to adapt to the darkness. This is called becoming "dark-adapted."
- c. Locate your constellation in the sky. For help use the appropriate constellation Finder Chart for your latitude. See ([www.globeatnight.org/learn.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/learn.html))

#### 3) Match your nighttime sky to one of our magnitude charts (pp. 2-3 or [www.globeatnight.org/observe\\_magnitude.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/observe_magnitude.html)).

- a. Select the chart that most closely resembles what you are seeing.
- b. Estimate the cloud cover in the sky.
- c. Fill out the Observation Sheet (page 4).

#### 4) Report your observation online (if not done already by smart mobile device) at: [www.globeatnight.org/report.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/report.html).

- a. Your observations can be reported online anytime up to 2 weeks after the campaign dates for that month are over.
- b. There is a campaign each month that is ten days long. To participate in more campaigns, see [www.globeatnight.org](http://www.globeatnight.org).
- c. Next time, consider taking observations from different locations!

#### 5) Compare your observation to thousands around the world at: [www.globeatnight.org/analyze.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/analyze.html)

# Activity Guide for Orion

## Activity Guide: Observation Sheet








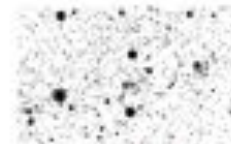
[www.globeatnight.org](http://www.globeatnight.org)

2014 Campaign Dates that use Orion: January 20-29, February 19-28 & March 21-30

Only fields marked by \* are required.

*Month: _____	*Day: _____	*Year: _____
*Observation Time: ____:____ PM local time (HH:MM)		*Country: _____
*Latitude (in deg/min/sec _____ deg _____ min _____ sec or decimal degrees): _____ decimal degrees		(North / South) circle direction
*Longitude (in deg/min/sec _____ deg _____ min _____ sec or decimal degrees): _____ decimal degrees		(East / West) circle direction
Comments on location: (e.g. There is one street light within 50 m that is shielded from my view.)		

\*Match your nighttime sky to one of our magnitude charts:

 <input type="radio"/> No stars visible	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 1 Chart	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 2 Chart	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 3 Chart
 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 4 Chart	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 5 Chart	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 6 Chart	 <input type="radio"/> Magnitude 7 Chart

Reading from the Unihedron Sky Quality Meter (if applicable): \_\_\_\_\_

Serial number from the Unihedron Sky Quality Meter (if applicable): \_\_\_\_\_

\*Estimate the cloud cover in the sky:

☐ Clear    ☐ Clouds cover ¼ of sky    ☐ Clouds cover ½ of sky    ☐ Clouds cover > ¾ of sky

Comments on sky conditions: (e.g. a little haze to the north)

Report online at [www.globeatnight.org/report.html](http://www.globeatnight.org/report.html)



# Dark Skies & Energy Education Activities

*[globeatnight.org/dsr/](http://globeatnight.org/dsr/)*

- [US Education Standards](#)
- **Constellation at Your Fingertips**
  - [Orion](#) [281 KB PDF]
  - [Cygnus](#) [281 KB PDF]
  - [Sagittarius](#) [335 KB PDF]
- **Demonstrating Light Pollution and Shielding**
  - [Activity Sheet](#) [561 MB PDF]
  - [Planetarium Box Construction](#) [18.5 MB PDF]
  - [City Mat Image](#) [201 KB PNG]
- [How Light Pollution Affects the Stars](#) [426 KB PDF]
- **Outdoor Lighting Audit**
  - [Teacher Guide](#) [1.4 MB PDF]
  - [Student Pages](#) [624 KB PDF]
  - [General Luxmeter Instructions](#) [332 KB PDF]
  - [General SQML Instruction Sheet](#) [278 KB PDF]
  - [Photographing Lights and Light Pollution](#) [473 KB PDF]
- [Spectra of Lights](#) [600 KB PDF]
- [The Night You Hatched](#) [899 KB PDF]

# Dark Skies & Energy Education Kit





# Light Shielding Demo from the Kit

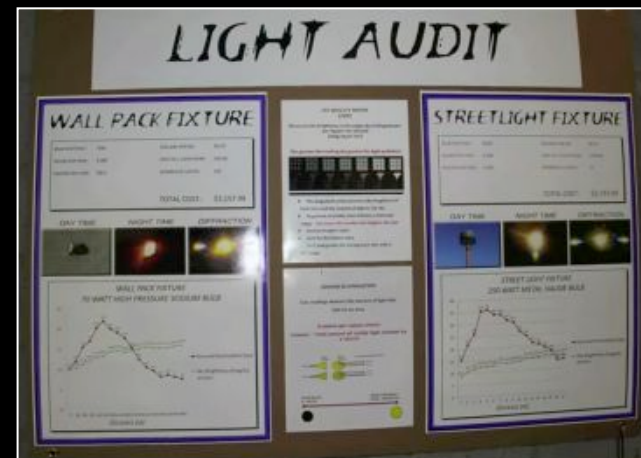






# Projects learning about energy consumption and preservation of dark skies

- 6<sup>th</sup> graders teachers & their students from a district in Yuma, Arizona
- 2 in-situ workshops, multiple Facetime sessions, light pollution activities, capstone project presentations





# Dark Skies Africa project



- IAU Office of Astronomy for Development grant to deliver “Dark Skies Outreach to Sub-Saharan Africa” in 2013.
- Coordinators from 12 African countries
- Trained them via Google+ Hangouts.
- They trained the MS/HS teachers.



# The Group from Algeria

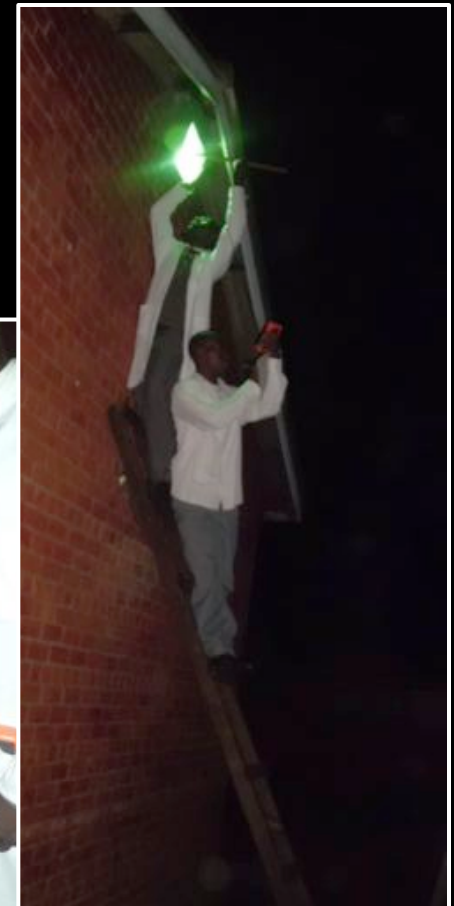
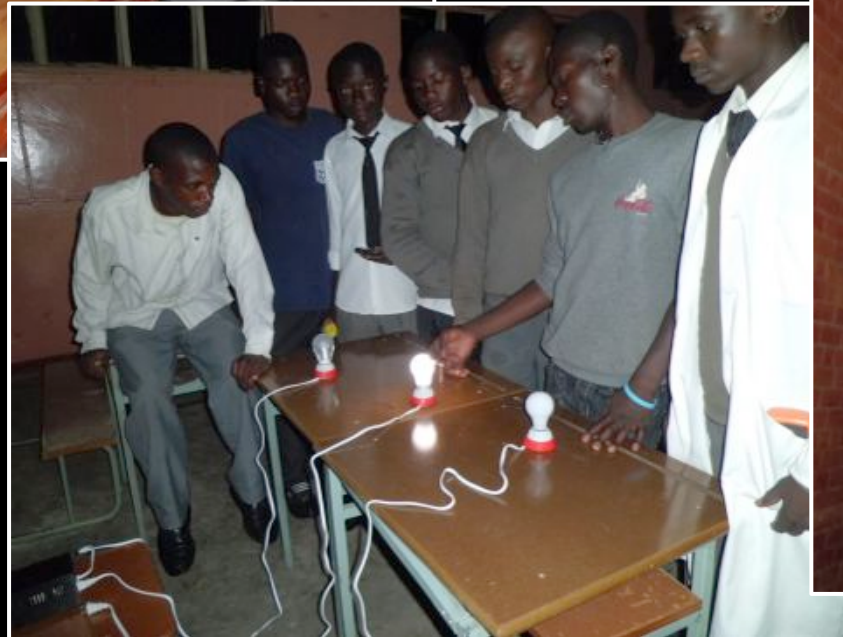
Jamal is the country coordinator.





# The Group from Zambia

Prosperity is the country coordinator.



# The Group from Rwanda

Pheneas is the country coordinator...



# The Group from Tanzania

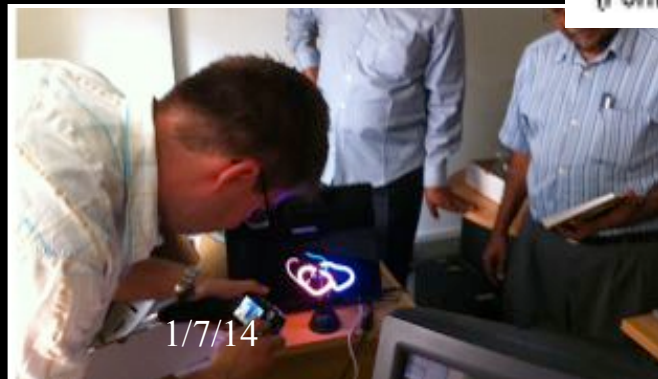
Noorali is the country coordinator



Jonas group - Filbert Bayi Sec School  
LIGHT AT NIGHT ATTRACTS INSECTS



Jonas g  
- Jonas  
(Form 1



1/7/14





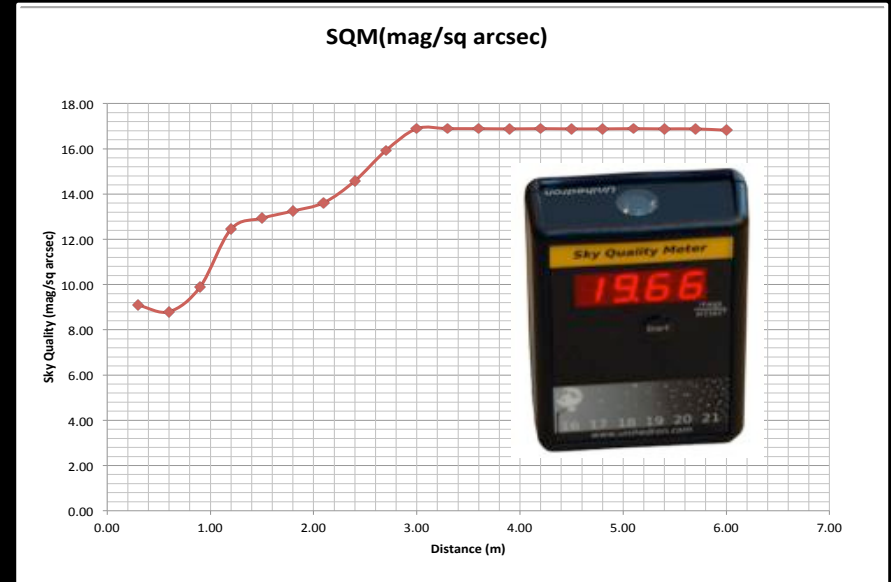
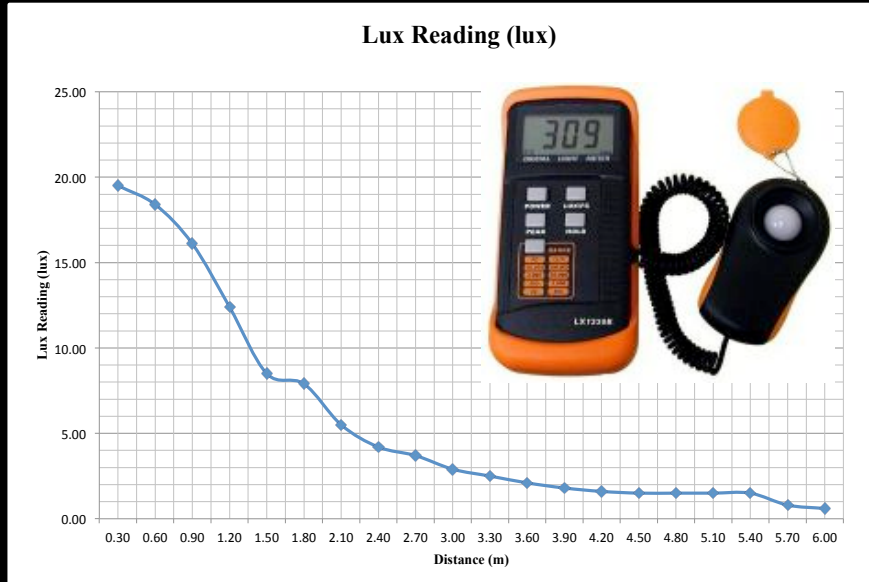
# The Ghana Group

The Ashongs are the country coordinators.



# The Group from Nigeria

Bonaventure is the country coordinator.



*Compact  
Fluorescent  
Light (35W)*



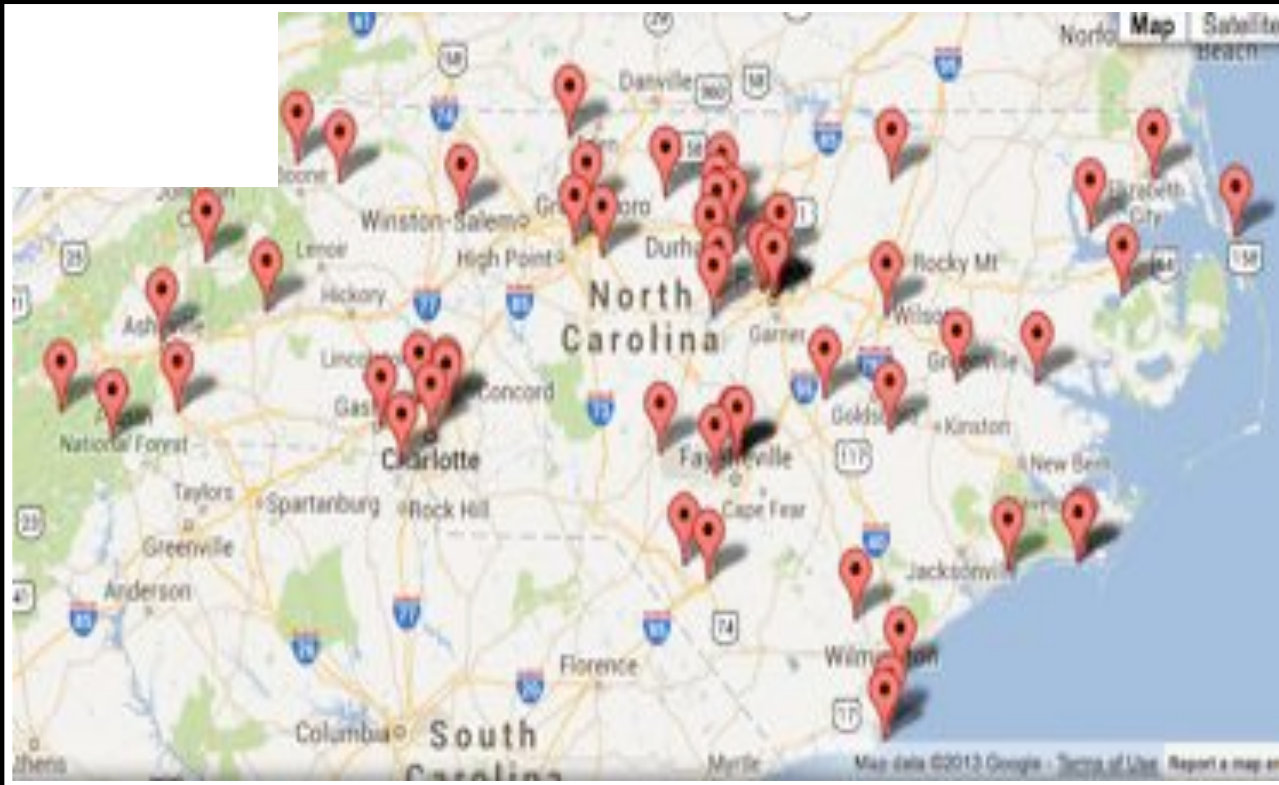
# Support Dark Skies Bylaws



- Roland Dechesne in his car (with sunroof)
- 394 measurements in & around Calgary (400 km)
- Used GLOBE at Night data to create dark skies bylaws



# Hold Globe at Night Starparties



- 40+ statewide star parties in NC in April
- Morehead Planetarium (Amy Sayle)

# Promote the Adopt-a-Street Program

## [globeatnight.org/aas2014.php](http://globeatnight.org/aas2014.php)

Globe at Night offers a "Call to Action" for those who want to take more measurements during the campaigns. Children and adults can "Adopt a Street" in their town to take visual and possibly sky-brightness meter measurements during the Globe at Night campaigns. (For information on sky brightness meters, see "SQM-L" at [www.uni-hedron.com](http://www.uni-hedron.com).) The Girl Scouts as well as a few schools and the amateur astronomy association in Tucson will be undertaking the "Adopt a Street" project. The aim is for people to adopt a different major or semi-major street and take measurements every mile or so for the length of the street (or for as long as they can). The grid of measurements will canvas the town, allowing for research later in comparison to wildlife, health, energy consumption and cost, among other things.

Below, type your email address into the box next to the street you are adopting. Click the Submit button and you will be signed up. Your email address will not be shared on this site or with any other parties. Once a street has been signed up for, it will be stamped "ADOPTED." Once you have signed up for a particular road:

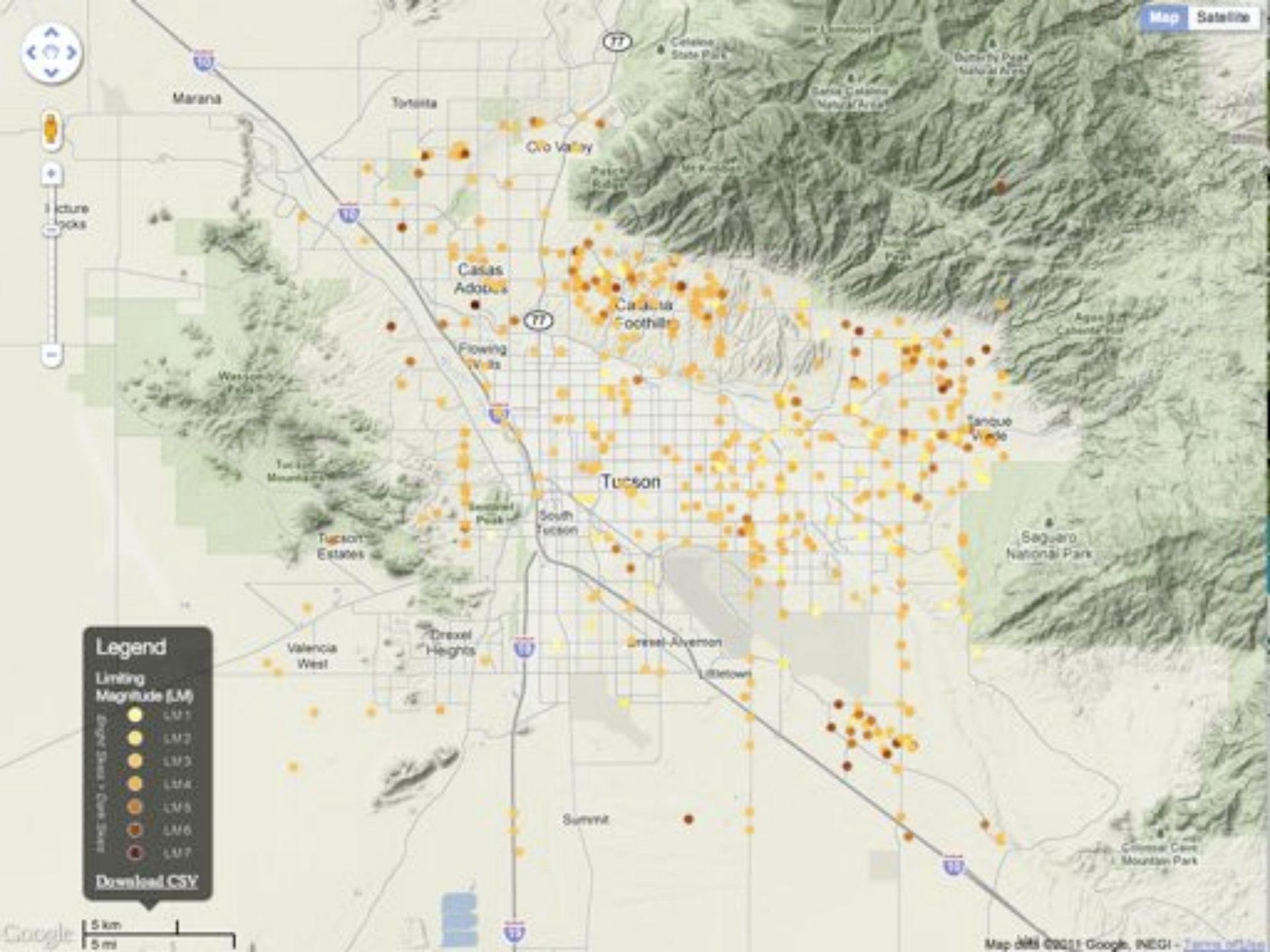
1. Try to measure sky brightness every mile along the road you chose.
2. To measure sky brightness, observe Orion in January through March and Leo in April and May and match what you see to the charts. ([charts and overall directions](#)) Make sure to record the chart selected, your location, date, time and cloud cover. Location can be the intersection at which you take the measurement, even though latitude and longitude are preferred.
3. You may also use a Sky Quality Meter (SQM) to measure sky brightness, in addition to observing Orion in January through March and Leo in April. To use an SQM, be as far away (as possible) from a light or structure as it is high. Hold the SQM at arms length straight up above your head. Press the start button once. Record the number on the meter. ([SQM instructions](#) [781 KB PDF])
4. If you need to borrow a Sky Quality Meter during the campaign, you may sign one out with Maria at NOAO Headquarters (950 N. Cherry Ave., across the street from Steward Observatory on the UA campus.) She is there Monday through Friday from 8:15am til 4:15pm except during 12:30-1pm. Her phone number is 318-8000. You must return them to her by the end of May.
5. Submit your measurements via the [web app](#). If you have a smartphone or tablet, you can submit your measurements as you take them. (Your latitude, longitude, date and time are automatically recorded by the smartphone or tablet.)
6. Try to do the entire length of the street as specified (typically 7 miles plus or minus 2 miles).

Thank-you!

### STREETS IN TUCSON for the Globe at Night "Adopt a Street" program 2014

Email Address	Street Name
<input type="text"/>	Avra Valley Rd
<input type="text"/>	1st Ave
<input type="text"/>	6th Ave
<input type="text"/>	Ajo Way (Kinney to Sandario)
<input type="text"/>	Ajo Way (East of Kinney)





### Legend

Limiting  
Magnitude (LM)

- LM 1
- LM 2
- LM 3
- LM 4
- LM 5
- LM 6
- LM 7

Download CSV



# Eyes on the Sky Video Podcast

<http://youtu.be/QXKezZMyJoU>



Globe at Night is a campaign to measure light pollution across the world. What other way is there to know the extent of the problem without measuring it? Learn how to take measurements where you live and submit that data. Even if you only submit one time, it helps assessing the extent of light pollution. Also, learn where every naked eye planet can be seen. See what's up in the night sky every week with "Eyes on the Sky" videos, astronomy made easy.

# Latest Audio Podcast

[cosmoquest.org/x/365daysofastronomy/2014/01/16/our-dark-night-rises/](http://cosmoquest.org/x/365daysofastronomy/2014/01/16/our-dark-night-rises/)

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365 DAYS OF ASTRONOMY  
A PROJECT OF THE  
2009 INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF ASTRONOMY



Want to dig into dark matter? Well, you can't. You can fill your brain with this class by @DrMRFrancis <http://t.co/DdqGGIUS8> #EnrollNow posted about 2 hours ago

@CosmoQuestX  
#cosmoquest

Return to: [365 Days of Astronomy Home](#) [learn more about 365 Days of Astronomy](#)



**Jan 16th: Our Dark Night Rises**

Podcast: Download

**Podcasters:** Carmen Austin, Lindsay Small, Daniel Tellez, Becca Levy, Chuck Dugan, and Zach Watson, Connie Walker (organizer/advisor)

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Less of our light for more starlight!  
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4,948



1+

# Facebook and Twitter

<https://www.facebook.com/GLOBEatNight>  
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Globe at Night shared Jason Brownlee Photography & Design's photo.  
about an hour ago · 1/1

There's nothing quite like catching the aurora borealis, no? This photo is from Jason Brownlee Photography & Design.

Last night I was lucky enough to be out under the stars and away from light pollution and got to watch a rare show for those of us living in Oregon.

The Aurora Borealis from Sparks Lake in the Central Oregon Cascade Mountains - 5/31/2013.

Please feel free to share! — with Bestof Bend and 2 others.



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Acadiana Dark Sky

The Globe at Night is mapping light pollution around...  
1 1 - January 23 at 11:44am



International Dark-Sky Association

Don't forget, tonight is the first night of Globe at Night...  
388 1 44 - January 20 at 4:40pm



Fernando Avila-Castro

Hoy inicia la primera temporada de observación de...  
5 1 - January 20 at 1:02pm



Maria Cirano Elorrieta

Faltan sólo 3 días para que comience el monitoreo...  
1 - January 17 at 12:48pm



# Worldwide Contest

<http://dsr.nuclio.pt/contest/>



## Worldwide Contest

The [Dark Skies Rangers Contest](#) invites students and teacher from around the world to come up with innovative ideas to fight light pollution and to propose innovative ideas to local communities. The prize will be a trip to the Dark Skies Alqueva reserve, the first night sky tourism destination endorsed by Starlight Tourist Destination.

# Losing the Dark Video & Planetarium Show

<http://youtu.be/dd82jazztFlo>





# Globe at Night: a Campaign for Preserving our Starry Skies

*[globeatnight.org](http://globeatnight.org)*

## Questions?





# Contact Info

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